

## UNITED NATIONS GLOBAL GEODETIC CENTRE OF EXCELLENCE

MODERNISING GEOSPATIAL REFERENCE SYSTEM CAPACITY DEVELOPMENT WORKSHOP

## **International Geodesy Initiatives & Partner Organisations**

Ryan Keenan Senior Consultant for UN-GGCE

**Day 2, Session 4** [2\_4\_2]

Acknowledgements: Allison Craddock (IGS), Richard Gross (IAG), Sharafat Gadimova (UNOOSA), Laura Sanchez (GGOS), Ryan Keenan (FIG), Zuheir Altamimi (IUGG)

### **Session Overview**

### Purpose of the Session

To provide participants with overview:

- International Geodesy Organisations and their initiatives
- Partners involved with the Geodesy community
- Setting the scene around opportunities for participation and collaboration

Open Q&A across the session







Founded in 1919, the International Union of Geodesy and Geophysics (IUGG) is the international organization dedicated to advancing, promoting, and communicating knowledge of the Earth system, its space environment, and the dynamical processes causing change.

Through its constituent Associations, Commissions, and services, IUGG convenes international assemblies and workshops, undertakes research, assembles observations, gains insights, coordinates activities, liaises with other scientific bodies, plays an advocacy role, contributes to education, and works to expand capabilities and participation worldwide.







## IUGG | 74 Member Countries (dark green)

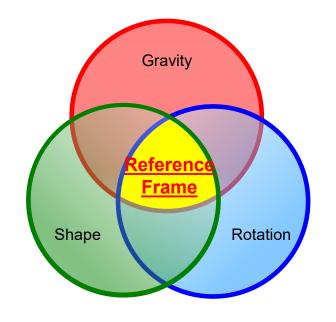




## International Association of Geodesy (IAG)

**Geodesy** is the science of accurately measuring and understanding three fundamental properties of the Earth and their changes in time

- Geometric shape
- Rotation and orientation in space
- Gravity field



Establishing and disseminating the Terrestrial Reference Frame (TRF) is central to Geodesy

## International Association of Geodesy Organizational Structure





- 4 Commissions
- 3 Inter-Commission Committees
- 1 Project
- GGOS Global Geodetic Observing System
- 12 Services
- Communication and Outreach Branch
- Council
- Executive Committee
- Bureau
- Office

#### **Geometric & General Services**





#### **Gravity Services**







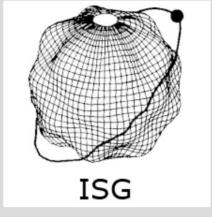














#### **Global Geodetic Observing System**

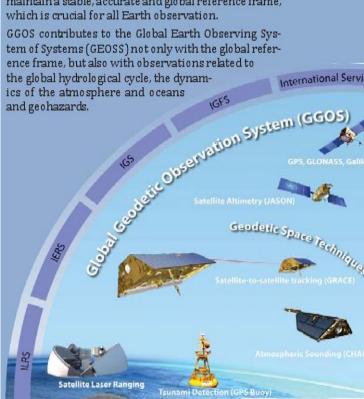
The Global Geodetic Observing System (GGOS)





GGOS is an official component of IAG as well as a participating organization of the Group on Earth Observations (GEO).

GGOS provides observations of the three fundamental geodetic observables and their variations, that is the Earth's shape, the Earth's gravity field, and the Earth's rotational motion. Thus GGOS ensures the basis to maintain a stable, accurate and global reference frame, which is crucial for all Earth observation.



source: iag-aig.org

## Terrestrial Reference Frame (TRF)

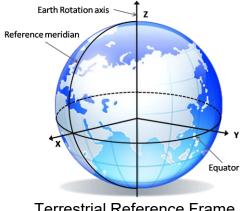






#### **Definition**

- The TRF is an accurate, stable set of positions and velocities of reference points on Earth's surface
- The TRF provides the stable coordinate system that allows us to link measurements over space and time for numerous scientific and societal applications
- including critical climate and sea level change studies



Terrestrial Reference Frame

#### **Determination**

The GNSS, SLR, VLBI & DORIS geodetic networks, along with ground surveys of stations at co-located sites to tie the networks together, provide the data for determining the TRF as well as for direct science investigations







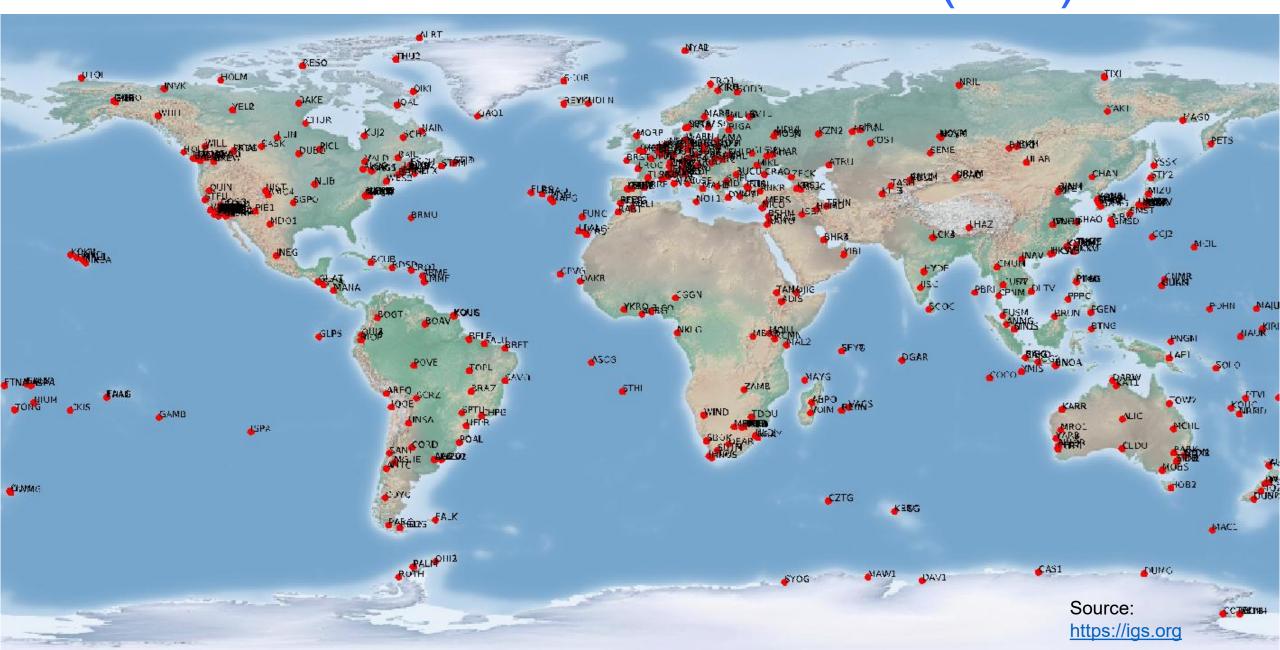


### Improvement (through co-organised efforts under GGOS)

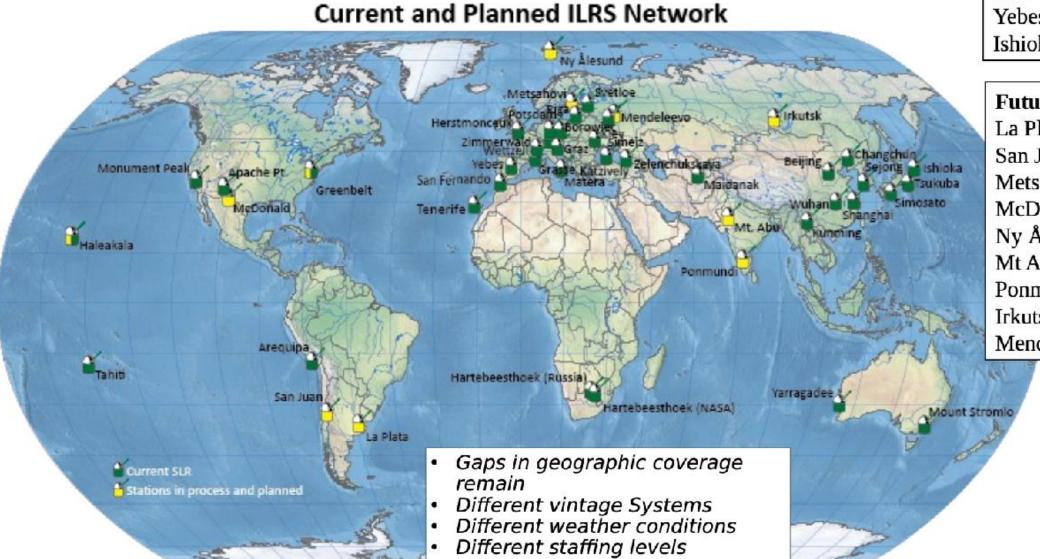
An improved TRF is needed for numerous scientific and societal applications including critical climate and sea level change studies

GGOS Goal: TRF accurate to better than 1 mm, stable to better than 0.1 mm/yr over a decade

## International GNSS Service (IGS)



## International Laser Ranging Service (ILRS)



#### New Stations (2023-2024)

Yebes, Spain Ishioka, Japan

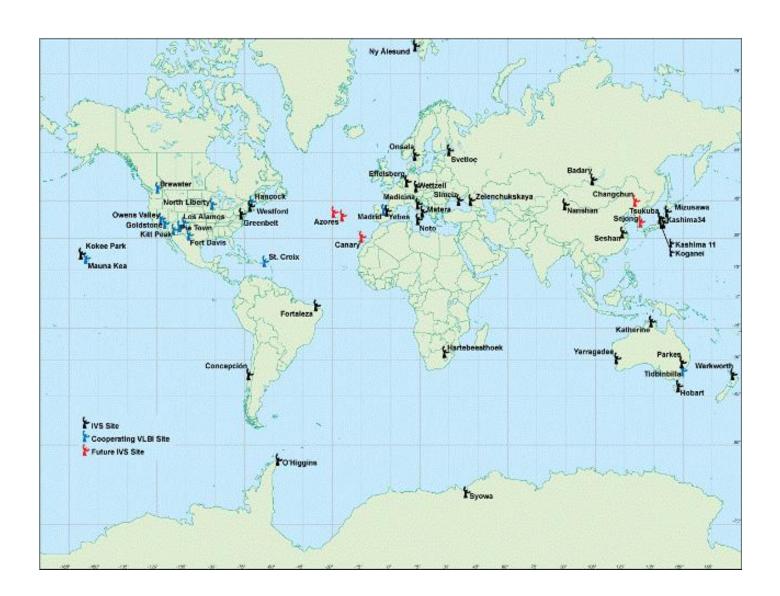
#### Future Stations (2024-2027)

La Plata, Argentina
San Juan, Argentina
Metsähovi, Finland
McDonald, TX, USA
Ny Ålesund, Norway
Mt Abu, India
Ponmundi, India
Irkutsk (Tochka), Russia
Mendeleevo (Tochka), Russia

Source:

https://ilrs.gsfc.nasa.gov

# International VLBI Service (IVS) for Geodesy and Astrometry



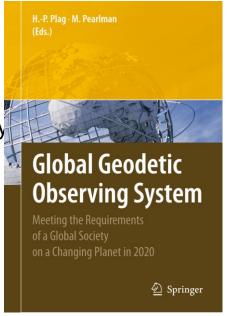
## International DORIS Service (IDS)





### https://ggos.org

- Forum for international collaboration
  - Improve integrated, global geodetic infrastructure
  - Improve geodetic products
    - · Unified Analysis Workshops co-organized with IERS
- Advocate for geodesy to broader community
  - Group on Earth Observations; Committee on Earth Observation Satellites
    - Provide Earth observations (including geodetic) needed to make informed decisions
  - UN Global Geodetic Center of Excellence and UN-GGIM Subcommittee on Geodes
    - Emerging policy-making organizations in geodesy
    - Emerging forum for international collaboration
- Incubator for new initiatives in geodesy
  - Geohazards Monitoring (Chair: Tim Melbourne, USA)
  - Geodetic Space Weather Research (Chair: Michael Schmidt, Germany)
  - Artificial Intelligence for Geodesy (Chair: Benedikt Soja, Switzerland)
- Requirements-setting organization for geodesy
  - GGOS 2020 book and its update
  - Essential Geodetic Variables

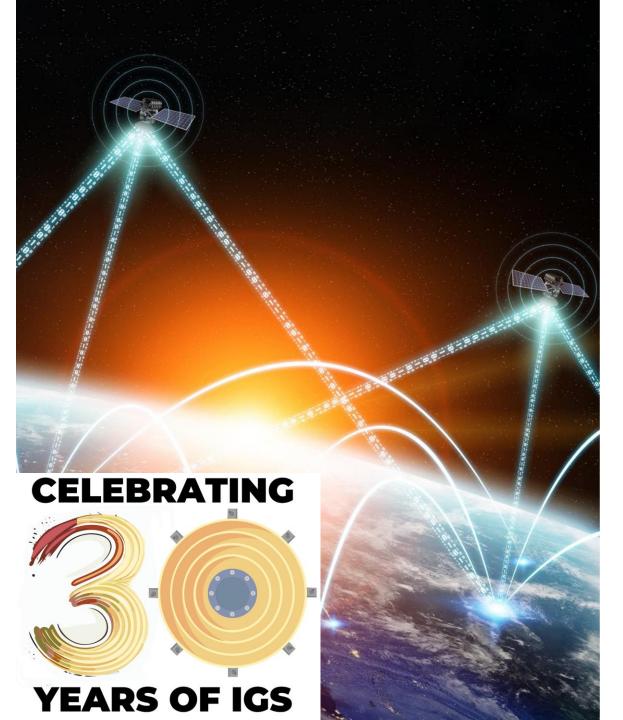


https://link.springer.com/book/ 10.1007/978-3-642-02687-4

## **Exploring the IGS Network**

Engaging with the Global GNSS Community







### **IGS Mission**

The International GNSS Service (IGS) provides, on an openly available basis, the **highest-quality Global Navigation Satellite System (GNSS)** data, products, services in support of:

- the Terrestrial Reference Frame (TRF)
- Earth observation and research
- Positioning, Navigation and Timing (PNT)
- other applications benefitting science and society



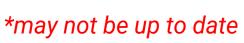
**IGS Network** 

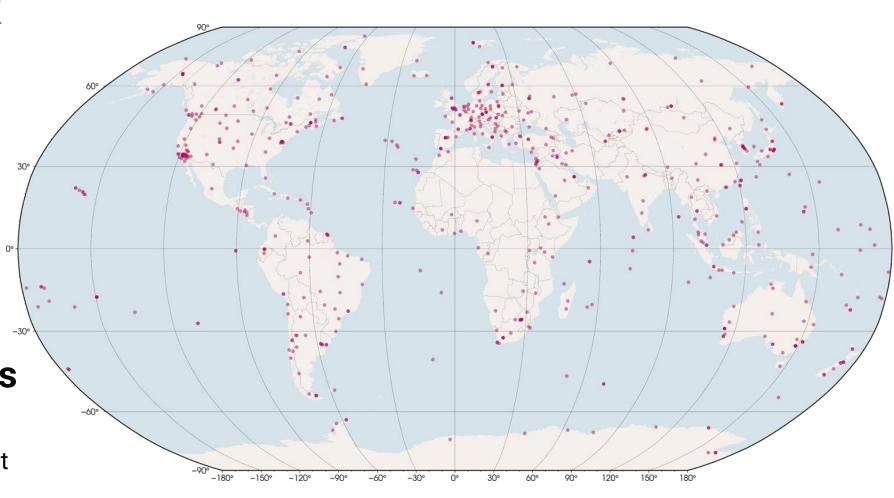
515\* stations in

116\*

countries/regions

To explore all stations, visit <a href="https://network.igs.org">https://network.igs.org</a>.

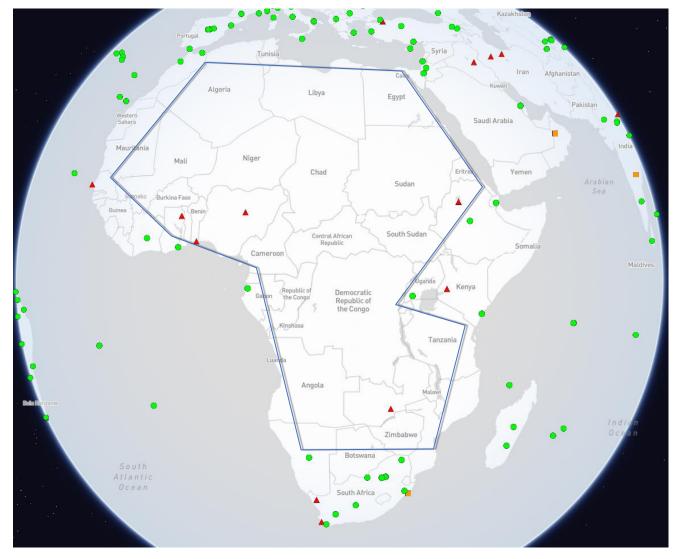






### **IGS CORS Contributions from Africa**

Currently, there are 20\* African countries contributing CORS to the IGS Network, 34 countries don't have single CORS within their national territory. Most of the stations are maintained by foreign partners. There is a significant gap in central Africa, where contributions are notably lacking.





## **Benefits of contributing to the IGS Network**

- Global Impact: Contribute to a global effort in advancing precise positioning and understanding of Earth.
- 4
- **Contribution to Global Reference Frame**: Contribute to the development and maintenance of a global reference frame crucial for various scientific and societal applications.

Support for Scientific Research: Support scientific research in geodesy, Earth sciences, and related fields by providing essential data.

Capacity Building: Access training resources and capacity-building initiatives aimed at enhancing skills in GNSS data analysis and interpretation.

- Network Collaboration: Collaborate with a diverse network of international partners, fostering knowledge exchange and collaboration opportunities.
- 6

**Recognition and Visibility**: Gain recognition and visibility as a contributor to a globally known organization focused on Earth observation and positioning technologies.



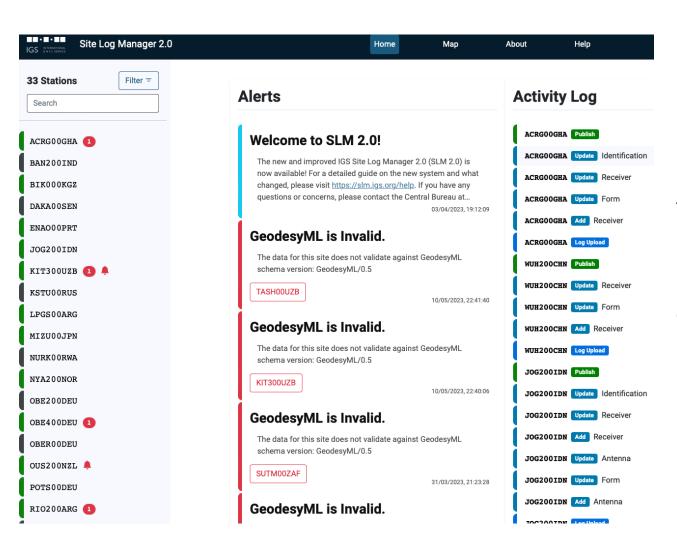
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### **CORS Guidelines**

The "Guidelines for Continuously Operating Reference Stations in the IGS" is now available to assist station owners and operators in planning and maintaining CORS. Translations to other languages than English would be welcome.





## **Site Log Manager**

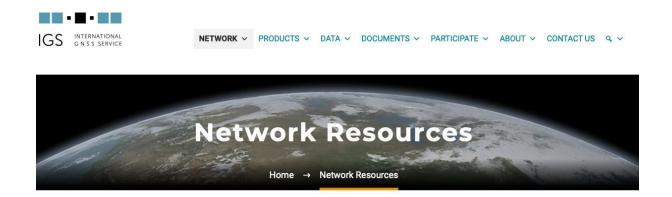
The IGS Site Log Manager (SLM) is a web based online application designed for the purpose of managing the metadata of IGS CORS.

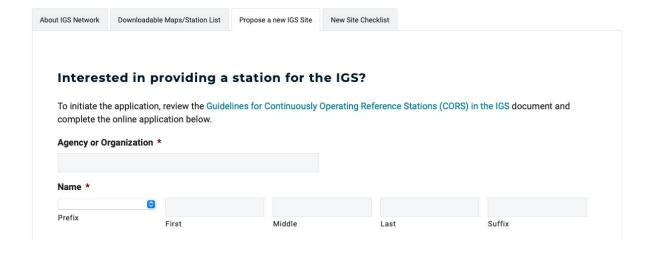


## Register your CORS

You can register your CORS by filling out the form: <a href="https://igs.org/network-resources">https://igs.org/network-resources</a>

A dedicated committee will assess your proposal and provide feedback.







### Conclusion

- The IGS plays a crucial role in advancing our understanding of Earth and supporting a wide range of applications benefiting science and society
- Through its global network of reference stations and collaborative efforts, the IGS provides highquality GNSS data, products, and services essential for precise positioning and Earth observation
- A notable gap remains in central Africa that needs to be addressed through increased outreach and collaboration to ensure broader participation and representation from all regions
- We will continue advocating for the expansion of the IGS network, particularly in underrepresented areas

## **IGS Associate Membership**

#### What is an IGS Associate Member?

The Associate Members of the IGS are described in the terms of reference as "...persons representing organizations that participate in any of the IGS components. The membership is balanced with respect to IGS components, organizational representation and geography, and is meant to represent institutions which contribute significantly to the IGS on a continuous basis"

Visit IGS Associate Membership Guidelines to learn more.

https://igs.org/am/





## Webinar: Tour de l'IGS - Spotlight on Africa - 04 June 2025



#### Tour de l'IGS 7th Stop: Spotlight on Africa

04 June 2025, 1200-1520 UTC

This 7th stop focuses on the African continent.

Virtual Organising Committee: Fernand Balé (Bureau National d'Etudes Techniques et de Développement, Côte d'Ivoire) and Babatunde Rabiu (National Space Research and Development Agency, Nigeria).

Registration: https://forms.gle/A5nyo8g9sjUDog3D9.

Time (UTC)	Speaker	Institution	Title  Welcoming Remarks	
1200- 1210	Fernand Balé; Babatunde Rabiu; Allison Craddock	Bureau National d'Etudes Techniques et de Développement, Côte d'Ivoire; National Space Research and Development Agency, Nigeria; NASA Jet Propulsion Laboratory & International GNSS Service Central Bureau, USA		
1210- 1230	Aslam Parker	South African Mapping Authority, South Africa	The TrigNet CORS network	
1230- 1250	Oumar Ka	National Mapping Agency, ANAT, Senegal	Modernizing Geodetic Infrastructure in Senegal: Operational GNSS Initiatives and Perspectives	
1250-	Olusegun Jonah	SRI International, USA	Need for a Continuous Network of GNSS Receivers in Equatorial and Low-Latitude	







## F.I.G. – A Partner to UN-GGCE

### Presentation to UN-GGCE Geodesy Capability Development Workshop 2025





April 2025

**Ryan Keenan** – Chair, FIG Commission 5 Positioning & Measurement Member, Task Force International Trends; Member, Asia Pacific CDN

### **WHO**

## Who is F.I.G.?

International Federation of Surveyors Fédération Internationale des Géomètres International Vereinigung der Vermessungsingenieure

- Established in 1878 in Paris
- Federation of national surveying associations and organisations
- Only international body representing all surveying disciplines
- UN-recognised Non-Governmental organisation (NGO) and non-profit organisation



FIG – the global umbrella organisation for Surveyors

# FIG represents the interests of surveyors worldwide







### **WHO**

## Who are the members of EG?

Over 120 countries represented in 2022 – more than 300,000 individuals

# 101 from 87 countries 42 from 41 75 from 49 countries 20

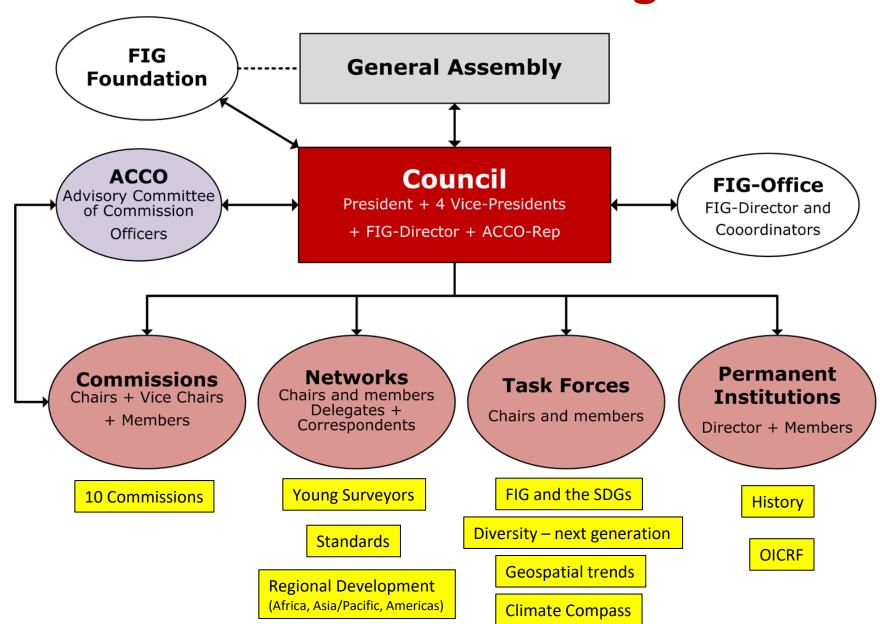
#### Membership categories:

- Member associations
- Affiliate members countries
- Academic members
- Corporate members
- Correspondents
- Honorary presidents
- Honorary members

Hanarary ambaccadore 2



## How is **FIG** organized?





#### **Commission 4:**

#### **Hydrography**

- Hydrographic Standards and Guidelines (WG 4.1)
- Sustainable Oceans and Hydrography (WG 4.2)
- Mapping the Plastic (WG 4.3)
- Hydrospatial Domain and Marine Administration(WG 4.4)
- Climate Change Induced Sea Level Rice and Adaptation (WG 4.5)

#### **Commission 5:**

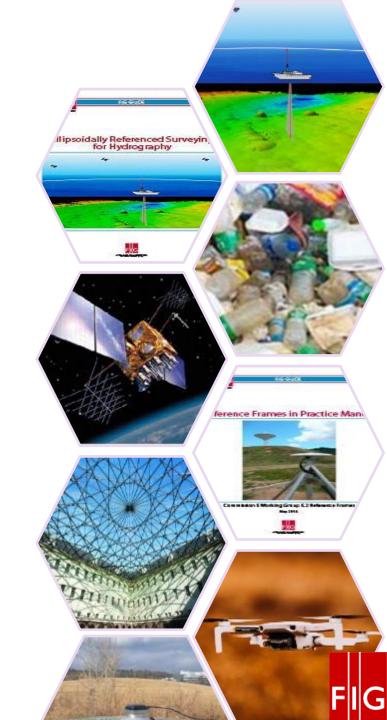
#### **Positioning and Measurement**

- Standards, Quality Assurance and Calibration (WG 5.1)
- o 3D Reference Frames (WG 5.2)
- Vertical Reference Frames (WG 5.3)
- o GNSS (WG 5.4)
- Multi-Sensor-Systems (WG 5.5)
- Cost Effective Positioning (WG5.6)
- Resilient PNT (WG5.7)

#### **Commission 6:**

#### **Engineering Surveys**

- Deformation Monitoring and Analysis (WG 6.1)
- Dynamic Structural Monitoring(WG 6.2)
- Applications of immersive technologies in Engineering Geodesy (WG 6.3)
- Engineering Surveying Outreach (WG 6.4)



### **Task Forces**

Current topics that need research and to advise on matters of an administrative or of a general policy nature.

### **Current Task Forces:**

- o FIG and the SDGs
- o FIG Climate Compass Task Force
- The Role of FIG in International Trends and Future Geospatial Information Ecosystem
- The Surveyor's Profession:
   Evolutionary Diversity and
   Inclusion











## FIG FOUNDATION

- Building a Sustainable Future







### **WHAT**

### **PUBLICATIONS**





#### **Conference Proceedings**

#### FIG Publication Series - 81 Publications

Three millennia of Measurement on Earth – Special edition

35 years of research – 3,000 pages – over 350 illustrations





Organization of the







#### FIG Peer Review Journal

#### ISSN No 2412-916X

In 2008, FIG introduced a double blinded Peer Review Process for papers with an outstanding academic level or best practice. Since then, there has been an option to submit a paper for peer review each year at FIG. Congresses and Working Weeks. Approximately 10 per cent of all presented papers at a FIG Conference are



#### FIG Peer Review Journal

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CONGRESS 2022

aiming to promote professional

practice and standards.

#### **Annual Review**



#### FIG Commissions and the Sustainable Development

Below the relevant Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), targets and indicators for each FIG Commission are mentioned. FIG members can contribute to the SDG's in two main ways. On the one hand they can create awareness and contribute to achieving the SDG's and the specific targets. On the other hand they can collect relevant data to contribute to the measurement of the targets

- . Commission 3 Spatial Information Management
- Commission 4 Hydrography
- . Commission 5 Positioning and Measurement . Commission 6 - Engineering Surveys
- Commission 8 Spatial Planning and Development
- . Commission 9 Valuation and the Management of Real Estate
- Commission 10 Construction Economics and Management

#### **Special sites**



he VII Croatian Congress and 10th

d this year between March 31st and April

2nd in Dubrovnik. In conjunction with the Congress of C...

FIG and the Sustainable Development

orkshop on the Land

Goals - Commission 10

https://www.fig.net/resources/publications/index.asp









Collaboration, Innovation and Resilience: Championing a Digital Generation

Brisbane, Australia 6-10 April



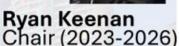
## Commission 5 **G** Positioning and Measurement

5 days, 1 pre-event, 7 sessions, ~55 presentations, ~670 attendees, 1000s of great memories yet ONE vision...











#### **Working Groups**

- 5.1 Standards
- 5.2 3D Reference Frames
- 5.3 Vertical Reference Frames (with Comm 4)
- **5.4 GNSS**
- 5.5 Multi-Sensor Systems (with Comm 6 / IAG)
- 5.6 Cost-effective Positioning
- 5.7 Emerging Technologies for PNT (with IAG)



Positioning and Measurement Technologies: Answering the **Question of Where** 



















# Progress through Partnerships. Within FIG and beyond. Together.



Asia/Pacific (AP-CPD)

SIDS with Asia Pacific CDN



















# Strengthening the Global Geodetic Reference Frame for Everyone. Together.





United Nations Global Geodetic Centre of Excellence

64 attendees, 22 countries, 5 continents including 3 funded attendees ->
- Nepal, Iran and Sri Lanka





Geoscience Australia



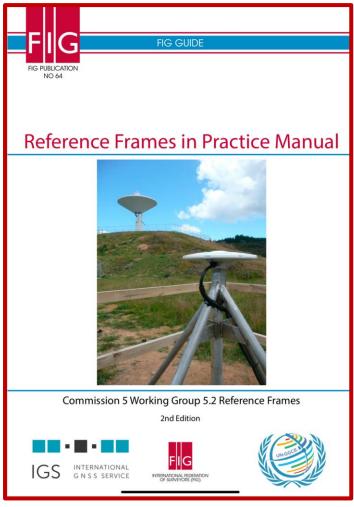








## FIG Publication – RFIP Manual Ed.2 Update



- The 2024 update to the 2014 edition (Publication #64) was completed
- Including:
  - New Contributions from IGS and UN-GGCE
  - Updates on Global Geodesy Initiatives, and GNSS Constellations
- Announced at WW24 Accra during RFIP
  - Digital PDF available in English
  - Hardcopy & additional languages considered

https://fig.net/resources/publications/figpub/pub64/Figpub64.pdf



## FIG Upcoming Events (<a href="www.fig.net/events/index.asp">www.fig.net/events/index.asp</a>)







FIG WW2028 Paris, France 150<sup>th</sup> Anniversary





# International Committee on GNSS (ICG)



**Recent Developments** 



## 18<sup>th</sup> Meeting of ICG



https://www.unoosa.org/oosa/en/ourwork/icg/meetings/ICG-2024.html

## **Annual Meeting of GNSS Providers**

Hosted by Australia and New Zealand 6 – 11 October 2024, Wellington, New Zealand

	AM		PM	
Sunday 6 October			1 <sup>st</sup> Providers' Forum Meeting (chaired by the United States)	Meeting with the Working Groups Co- chairs
Monday	1st Plenary Session of ICG - Welcome Remarks		Presentations by Members, Associate Members, Observers, Invited observers, etc. or matters of interest to ICC	Experts Seminar
7 October	- GNSS Systems Updates			Welcome Reception
Tuesday 8 October	(in parallel) Working Groups Meetings	Lunch Break	(in parallel) Working Groups Meetings (Continued)  Technical Tour  2nd Plenary session of ICG  2nd Providers' Forum Meeting (Chaired by the United States)	
Wednesday 9 October	(in parallel) Working Groups Meetings (Continued)			
Thursday 10 October	(in parallel) Working Groups Meetings (Continued)			
Friday 11 October	3 <sup>rd</sup> Plenary Session of ICG			



## Working Groups within ICG



- □ **Systems, Signals and Services** (*United States & Russian Federation*): Compatibility and spectrum protection; interoperability and service standards; system-of-system operations
- □ Enhancement of GNSS Performance, New Services and Capabilities (India, China & ESA): Future & novel integrity solutions; implementation of interoperable GNSS Space Service Volume (SSV) examination of performance of atmospheric models, establish dialogue with space weather/RS communities and its evolution;
- ☐ Information Dissemination and Capacity Building (UNOOSA): Focused on education and training programmes, promoting GNSS for scientific exploration (incl., space weather and its effects on GNSS)
- □ Reference Frames, Timing and Applications (IAG, IGS & FIG): Focused on monitoring and reference station networks

  https://www.unoosa.org/oosa/en/ourwork/icg/working-groups.html

## Geodesy-relevant Task Force in ICG



#### Publication of a Policy Brief on the Uses of GNSS for Disaster Risk Reduction

The "Applications of GNSS for Disaster Risk Reduction" Task Force is exploring how GNSS technology can enhance disaster risk reduction strategies and bolster natural hazard early warning systems. Currently, TF focuses on four GNSS-based techniques, which have broad applications, spanning for instance earthquakes, tsunamis, floods and solar storms

- Precise Point Positioning (GNSS-PPP)
- > Reflectometry (GNSS-R)
- Radio Occultation (GNSS-RO)
- Ground based Total Electron Content (GNSS-TEC)
- □ To publish the policy Brief on the Uses of GNSS for Disaster Risk Reduction
   □ Website: <a href="https://www.unoosa.org/oosa/en/ourwork/icg/working-groups/d.html">https://www.unoosa.org/oosa/en/ourwork/icg/working-groups/d.html</a>
   □ Templates on Geodetic and Timing References:
   <a href="https://www.unoosa.org/oosa/en/ourwork/icg/resources/Regl-ref.html">https://www.unoosa.org/oosa/en/ourwork/icg/resources/Regl-ref.html</a>

## **Summary - International Geodesy Initiatives & Partners**

An understanding of the various Organisations featuring geodesy International Geodesy Initiatives

- IUGG, IAG, IGS, GGOS Partnerships
- FIG, UN-ICG











Volunteer organisations contribute significantly to Geodesy activities

- typically contributing with 'in kind' efforts (unpaid volunteers)
- supporting one another (typically larger) initiatives and organisations
- Building capabilities to develop capacity

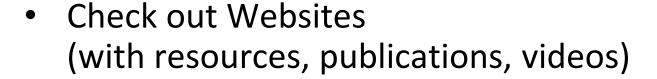
Given the importance of humans within the Global Geodesy Supply Chain, their continued efforts are critical for sustainable geodesy

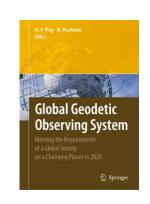
Recommendations for participants to get involved

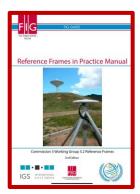


STRONGER. TOGETHER.

### **Further Activities**







- Review Publications IGS CORS Guidelines, FIG RFIP Manual
- Consider joining organisations, initiatives, WGs, commissions, networks and events
  - Become a GGOS Affiliate
  - Become an IGS Associate Member
- Get involved with FIG as Member (academic, commission, network etc)
   Share your data!

